

23 – 2 – 00273 – 38 ORPLINJ 127 Order for Preliminary Injunction 15591601



IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON IN AND FOR THE COUNTY OF WHITMAN

WASHINGTON STATE UNIVERSITY, an institution of higher education and agency of the State of Washington; KIRK H. SCHULZ, in his official capacities as the President of Washington State University and Chair of the Pac-12 Board of Directors; OREGON STATE UNIVERSITY, an institution of higher education and agency of the State of Oregon; and JAYATHI Y. MURTHY, in her official capacities as the President of Oregon State University and Member of the Pac-12 Board of Directors,

Plaintiffs,

v.

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THE PAC-12 CONFERENCE; and GEORGE KLIAVKOFF, in his official capacity as Commissioner of the Pac-12 Conference,

Defendants,

and

UNIVERSITY OF WASHINGTON, an institution of higher education and agency of the State of Washington,

Intervenor-Defendants.

Case No. 23-2-00273-38

ORDER GRANTING PLAINTIFFS' MOTION FOR A PRELIMINARY INJUNCTION

[PROPOSED] ORDER GRANTING PLAINTIFFS' MOTION FOR A PRELIMINARY INJUNCTION

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This matter came before this Court on the motion for a preliminary injunction brought by Plaintiffs Washington State University ("WSU") and Oregon State University ("OSU"), and their Presidents Kirk H. Schulz and Jayathi Y. Murthy, acting in their official capacities (collectively, "Plaintiffs"). The Pac-12 Conference and Commissioner George Kliavkoff (the "Conference Defendants") and Intervenor-Defendant the University of Washington ("Intervenor-Defendant") opposed Plaintiffs' motion.

Having considered Plaintiffs' motion and all pleadings and evidence submitted in support of and in opposition to the motion, the arguments of counsel for the parties, and the applicable law, and in order to avoid actual, substantial, and immediate irreparable harm to any party, Plaintiffs' motion for a preliminary injunction is hereby **GRANTED**.

The Court finds that Plaintiffs have satisfied the elements required for issuance of this preliminary injunction. Plaintiffs have a clear legal and equitable right to enforce the Pac-12 Conference Bylaws and prevent unauthorized Board action by the Pac-12 Conference, and Plaintiffs have established that they are likely to prevail on the merits of the claim. The Pac-12 Conference Bylaws state unambiguously that if a member delivers a notice of withdrawal to the Conference before August 1, 2024, that member's representative "shall automatically cease to be a member of the Pac-12 Board of Directors and shall cease to have the right to vote on any matter before the Pac-12 Board of Directors." Bylaws, Ch. 2, Sec. 3. The Court finds that Plaintiffs are likely to prevail in establishing ten members of the Pac-12 Conference—the University of Arizona, Arizona State University, the University of California, Berkeley, the University of California, Los Angeles, the University of Colorado, Boulder, the University of Oregon, the University of Southern California, Stanford University, the University of Utah, and the University of Washington (collectively, the "Departing Schools")—have delivered notice of withdrawal from the Conference. The Departing Schools have all announced publicly and delivered notice to the Conference of their withdrawal from the Pac-12. Therefore, each Board representative of the Departing Schools

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"automatically cease[d] to be a member" of the Board and "cease[d] to have the right to vote on any matter before" the Board. *Id*.

The plain language of the Bylaws requiring "automatic" removal from the Board of members who have delivered notices of withdrawal is confirmed by the parties' course of conduct. See Berg v. Hudesman, 115 Wash. 2d 657, 677-78 (1990); Crestview Cemetery Ass'n v. Dieden, 54 Cal. 2d 744, 754 (1960). The evidence shows that, for more than a year before this litigation commenced, the Conference Defendants consistently interpreted the Bylaws to require automatic removal of a Departing School's representative from the Board. For example, after the University of Southern California ("USC") and the University of California, Los Angeles ("UCLA") announced that they would be leaving the Pac-12, Commissioner Kliavkoff attested in a sworn declaration that USC and UCLA automatically "were removed as Board representatives under the Constitution and Bylaws following their notice of withdrawal from the Pac-12." When the University of Colorado ("CU") announced that it would be leaving the Conference, the Pac-12 informed CU the very next day that, under Section 2-3 of the Bylaws, "CU's representation on the Pac-12's Board of Directors automatically ceases effective immediately, and CU no longer has the right to vote on any matter before the Board." And after five more schools announced their departures from the Conference, the Commissioner sent a text message to a reporter confirming that "[a]s of today we have 4 board members," referring to the then-four remaining Pac-12 schools: WSU, OSU, University of California, Berkeley, and Stanford.

The Court further finds that the Departing Schools, including Defendant-Intervenor, ratified this application of the Bylaws. For more than a year following USC and UCLA's notice of their withdrawal, the other Departing Schools (which had not yet announced their departures) participated in Pac-12 Board meetings and voted on Conference matters without USC and UCLA's representatives. They approved a joint press statement on behalf of the "10 Pac-12 Conference Board members"—an acknowledgment that USC and UCLA's

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representatives had been removed from the Board. And the Departing Schools participated in numerous Board meetings without USC and UCLA's representatives, where the Board discussed and acted on all manner of Conference business. Accordingly, Plaintiffs have established a clear legal and equitable right to enforce the Pac-12 Conference Bylaws and a likelihood of success on the merits.

Additionally, Plaintiffs have demonstrated a well-grounded fear that their rights will be immediately invaded. Absent a preliminary injunction, Plaintiffs will lose their rights to control and govern the Pac-12. As the only members that have not delivered notices of withdrawal, WSU and OSU have the right to control and govern the Pac-12 pursuant to the Bylaws. Before the TRO was granted, the Commissioner called a Board meeting that would have permitted the ten departing members to vote on matters impacting the future of the Pac-12 and its "go forward" governance approach. Since the issuance of the TRO, nothing has changed to suggest that Plaintiffs' rights will not be invaded absent entry of a preliminary injunction.

Plaintiffs have also demonstrated that, absent a preliminary injunction, they will suffer actual, substantial, and immediate irreparable harm. Without preliminary injunctive relief, nothing would stop the Conference Defendants and the Departing Schools from calling Board meetings where ineligible representatives of the Departing Schools could purport to take actions on behalf of the Pac-12 Conference that irreparably harm Plaintiffs and would be difficult or impossible to reverse—such as voting to dissolve the Conference or to distribute Conference assets in a manner that would harm WSU, OSU, or the Conference's interests. As the Conference Defendants acknowledged, it would be a "direct conflict and contrary to the best interests of the Pac-12 membership as a whole, to allow" representatives of the Departing Schools to participate in Board meetings in light of their allegiance to competing conferences. Moreover, absent a preliminary injunction, WSU and OSU will lose their rights under the Bylaws to govern the Pac-12 and steer a path forward for the Conference. Such a loss of

WSU and OSU's governance rights constitutes irreparable harm. See Wisdom Imp. Sales Co. v. Labatt Brewing Co., 339 F.3d 101, 114–15 (2d Cir. 2003); Alcatel Space, S.A. v. Loral Space & Comms. Ltd., 154 F. Supp. 2d 570, 584 (S.D.N.Y. 2001); Davoodi v. Imani, 2011 WL 250392, at *4 (N.D. Cal. Jan. 26, 2011).

Finally, the Court finds that the balance of equities weighs in favor of granting a preliminary injunction, and any burden on the Conference Defendants or Intervenor-Defendant is significantly outweighed by the immediate irreparable harm that will befall WSU and OSU without a preliminary injunction.

Accordingly, the Court hereby enters the following PRELIMINARY INJUNCTION ORDER: Pending final judgment on the merits or further order of the Court, the Conference Defendants and Intervenor-Defendant, and their officers, directors, members, employees, agents, representatives, successors, and assigns, and all other persons acting in concert with them, shall be prohibited from:

- Recognizing any person other than the Pac-12 Board representatives of Washington State University and Oregon State University as members of the Pac-12 Conference Board of Directors;
- Holding, or taking any steps to hold, a Pac-12 Conference Board meeting that includes
 representatives from the ten Pac-12 Conference members who have delivered notice of
 their withdrawal from the Conference¹; and
- Allowing representatives of the ten Pac-12 Conference members who have delivered notice of their withdrawal from the Conference to attend, participate in, or vote in any

Pac-12 Conference Board meeting.

The Court's September 11, 2023 Temporary Restraining Order is superseded by this Order.

¹ For the avoidance of doubt, the ten Pac-12 Conference members that have delivered notice of withdrawal from the Conference are: University of Arizona; Arizona State University; University of California, Berkeley; University of California, Los Angeles; University of Colorado, Boulder; University of Oregon; University of Southern California; Stanford University; University of Utah; and University of Washington.

IT IS SO ORDERED. Dated: 1/14/2023 Hon. Gary Libey Judge of the Superior Court 4. The Confirme shoul be able to operate inits not not course of business, but the decision to make distributions should 5. Any fature meetings of the Board sholl noticed (3 day Board to all other 10 Reporting Members.
6. The new Board shall invite all Departed Us 10 the to participate, communicate and submit their suggestions to the Board 11 12 7. The Order is stayed until Monday at noon November 20 2023, during which time the TRO of 9/11/23 14 will remove in affect pending oppeal of their Order. 15 The Motivis to Dismiss are denied. 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 [PROPOSED] ORDER GRANTING PLAINTIFFS' MOTION FOR A 28 PRELIMINARY INJUNCTION